eparation of Business Plan for Small-Scale **Water Service Providers**

(With Emphasis on Sanitation Planning)











Overview of Wastewater Management

Sources of Wastewater / Water Pollution

Point Sources Vs. Non-Point Sources

Types of Wastewater

Domestic Vs. Non-Domestic Wastewater





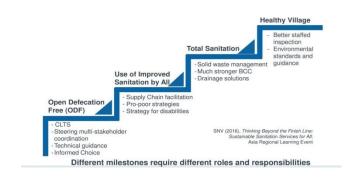


Framework for Development of Sanitation Services

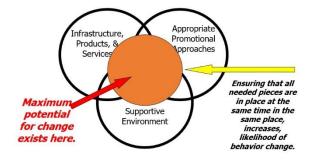
The Sanitation Value Chain



Ladderized Approach



The Three-Pronged Approach



The Three-Pronged Approach







Sanitation Sub-Sector Reforms

Philippine Water Supply and Sanitation Master Plan

- 1. Improving WSS Access
- 2. National Targets
- 3. WSS Sector Reforms
- 4. Key Performance Indicators
- 5. Financial Requirements
- 6. Priority Listing of WSS Projects







National Sanitation Targets

Philippine Development Plan (2022)

Safely Managed Sanitation: 97%

End of Open Defecation

Sustainable Development Goals (2030)

Safely Managed Sanitation: 100%







Sanitation Mandate of Water Service Providers

Local Government Units

- Local Government Code (R.A. 7160)
- Code on Sanitation
- DILG Memorandum Circular 2019-62

Water District

- Water District Law (P.D. 198)

Small-Scale Water Service Providers / Private Operators

- NWRB, CDA, LGUs??



Local Sanitation Plan (LSSP)

Focus / Issues

Household Level:

- Toilet Facilities and Open Defecation
- Onsite Treatment Systems (Septic Tanks)
- Household Sanitation Financing (Affordability Issue, Access to Household Financing)
- Awareness/Demand Level for Sanitation Services
- Wastewater Minimization/Re-Use/Water Demand Management Awareness and Practice

Community Level:

- Communal Facilities to transition to Individual Facilities
- Informal settlements
- Formal settlements in "difficult" areas

LGU-Level:

- Collection or conveyance of wastewater and septage
- Treatment and disposal of residuals/reuse program
- Building of Facility (funding, siting, procurement of services, institutional arrangement/PPP, tariff)
- Water Supply provision
- Hygiene and Sanitation Promotion
- Ordinances and related legislation
- Capacity Development
- Previous studies and new findings
- National/Regional/Provincial plans

^{*} Wide-Area Planning, Integrated Planning, Aligned with National Targets





Impacts of Climate Change on Sanitation/WW

Water Quality Degradation

Low flow conditions and altered water quality Altered surface water quality

<u>Floods</u>

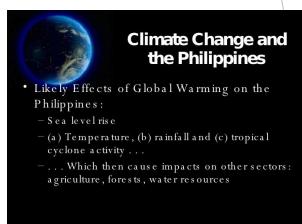
High flow events and flooding Flooding from coastal storm surges

Ecosystem Changes

Loss of coastal landforms / wetlands
Increased fire risk and altered vegetation

Service Demand and Use

Volume and temperature challenges Changes in energy needs of utilities









Low-Cost, Low-Maintenance Treatment Systems

<u>Slow-Sand Filter - Waste Stabilization Lagoons - Planted Gravel Filter</u>

<u>Bio-Reactor - Anaerobic Baffled Reactor- Planted Gravel Filter</u> <u>System</u>

<u>Lime Stabilization - Anaerobic Baffled Reactor- Planted Gravel</u> <u>Filter System</u>





Financing Sanitation Initiatives

Feasibility Study / Project Study

Implementation / Construction

Operation, Maintenance, and Expansion





Resources

- 1. Global Water Solutions, Inc. jtecson@gwsi.com.ph
- 2. UniKleen International Corp. clsantos41@yahoo.com
- 3. Basic Needs Services BORDA philippines@borda.org
- 4. Ad Victoriam Asia Enterprise amontecastro@advicasia.com
- 5. Partnership for Water Solutions, Inc. nnarvaez@pws.ph



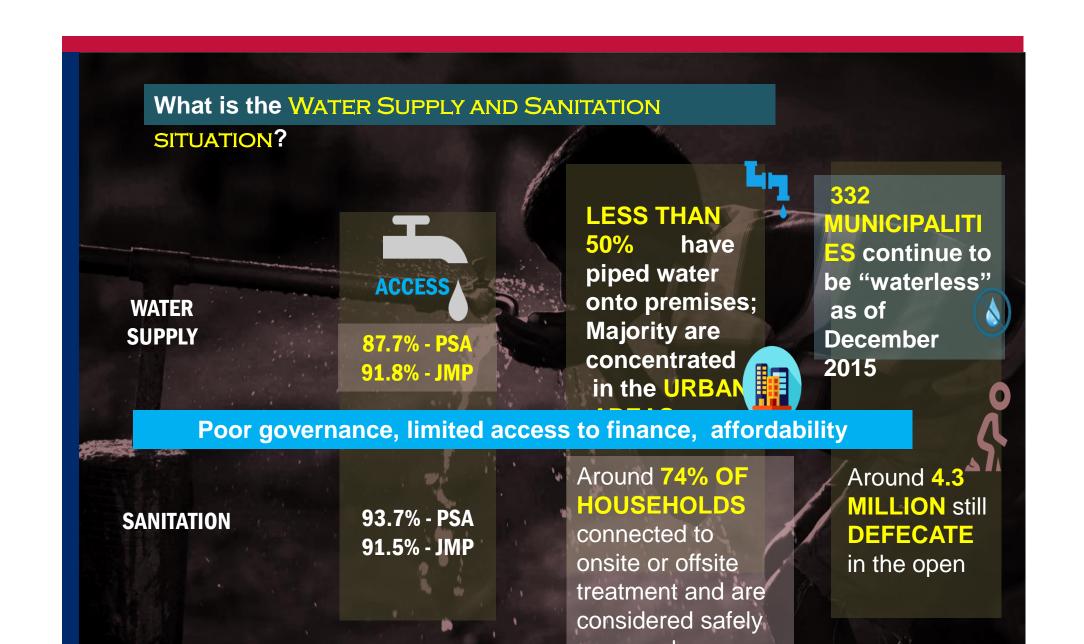


Thank You for Listening!



Engr. Jay Y. Tecson

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SANITATION SITUATION: ACCESS AND SERVICE QUALITY



Region IV-A NCR Region III 88% 85% 82% 80% 77%





Highest open defecation rate (bottom-dwellers)







ARMM 18.3%

Region V Region VIII Region VII 11.9% 10.27% 8.5%

Region VI 8.3%

The PWSS Master Plan Targets

Sanitation	% of Population		
Indicators	2015 Baseline	2022 Target	2030 Target
Households with septic tanks	74%	97%	100%
Households with access to septage collection services	17%	69%	100%
LGUs declared Zero Open Defecation	96%	100%	100%

The PWSSMP Key Reform

No.	Reform Agend Age	nda Focus
1	Establishing Effective WSS Sector Institutions	Addressing the fragmented sector
2	Strengthening Regulatory Environment	Regulating and managing water resources and WSPs, including water tariff
3	Balancing Water Supply and Demand	Managing finite water resources with end-users
4	Building Climate Resiliency	Adapting to climate change

The PWSSMP Key Reform

No.	Reform Agenda Age	nda Focus
5	Creating and Ensuring Effective WSS Services	Ensuring effective and sustainable WSS services and service providers
6	Enabling Access to Funding and Financing	Improving access to funds
7	Managing Data and Information	Ensuring availability and accessibility of reliable WSS data
8	Driving Research and Development	Investing on research and innovations

Investment Requirement (in Php Million)	2019-2023	2024-2030
Physical	733,657	334,529
Water Supply	278,070	233,011
Level 3	234,107	216,953
Level 2	37,559	15,315
Level 1	6,404	743
Sanitation	455,587	101,518
Improved/Basic	349,495	84,022
Septage	48,891	5,998
Sewerage	57,201	11,498
Non Physical	658	469
Reform Areas	323	-
Project Management	335	469
TOTAL	734,315	334,998

2Sn cost How much will